WIPO ICT Leadership Dialogue (WILD)

Empowering IP Ecosystems through Data, Strategy and Governance

Dr. Vivek Kumar Singh Senior Adviser, NITI Aayog

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Digital India

The Digital India Initiative, launched in Jul. 2015, has <u>three core components</u>:

- development of secure and stable digital infrastructure,
- delivering government services digitally, and
- Empowering citizens through universal digital literacy.

From digital villages to e-districts, its impact is felt nationwide, **promoting digital literacy and financial inclusion**.

These technologies have catalyzed an era of application-oriented research and entrepreneurship.





Leveraging IndiaStack for Seamless Interoperability

- India Stack is a **comprehensive set of open APIs and digital infrastructure layers** developed to facilitate the creation of secure, scalable, and interoperable systems.
- It empowers governments, businesses, startups, and developers to innovate and deliver digital services effectively.
- India Stack is a prime example of a Digital Public Infrastructure (DPI) that aims to address the challenges of financial inclusion, governance, and access to public services in a country as diverse and large as India.
- It integrates various digital technologies to create a seamless, citizen-centric ecosystem that simplifies processes, reduces inefficiencies, and promotes innovation.

Statistics of Success

67 billion

Total number of digital identity verifications

14.05 trillion

INR total value of monthly real-time mobile payments 8.6 billion

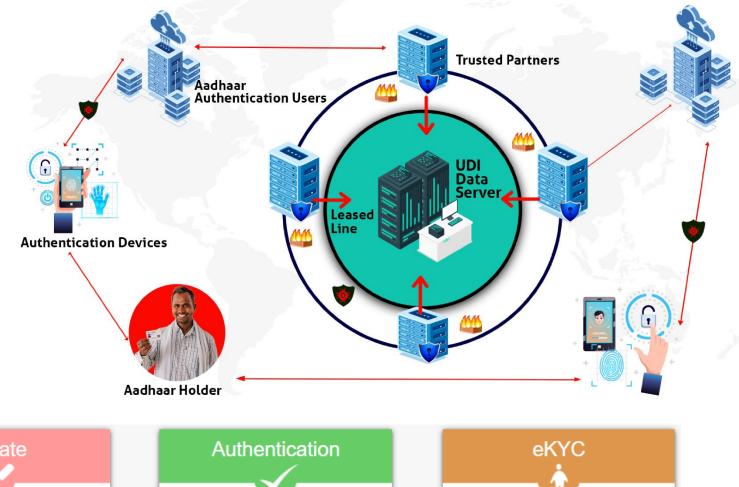
Total volume of monthly real-time mobile payments 10

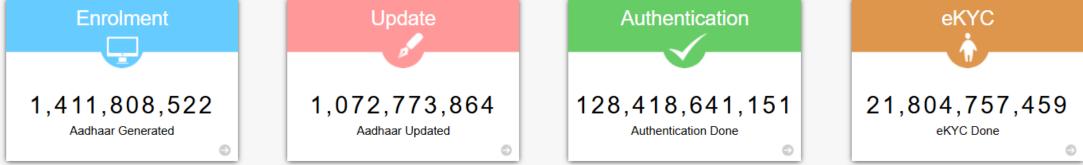
Operational Account Aggregators

Foundational Role of Aadhaar

Aadhaar is a **unique 12-digit identification number assigned to Indian citizens** based on their biometric and demographic data.

It is a foundation for various digital services, including authentication and eKYC (Know Your Customer) processes.





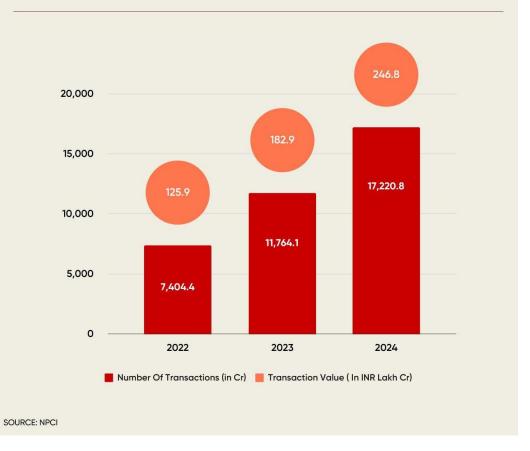
UPI - Revolutionizing Digital Payments

Unified Payment Interface (UPI) is a realtime payment system that facilitates instant fund transfers between bank accounts using mobile phones.

It simplifies peer-to-peer transactions and enables cashless payments.

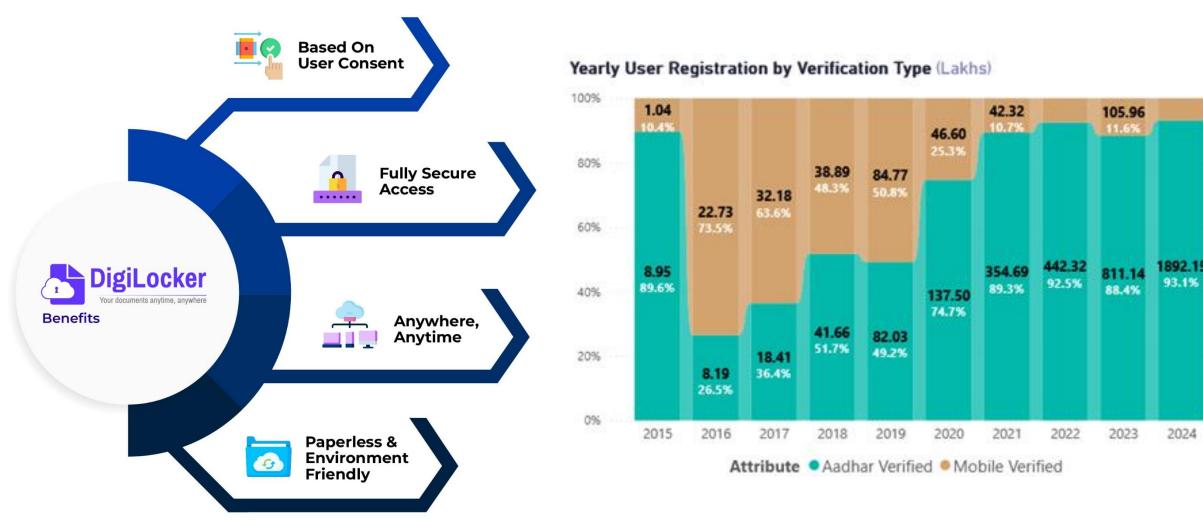
Overseas markets accepting UPI payments include <u>Bhutan, France, Mauritius, Nepal,</u> <u>Singapore, Sri Lanka, UAE</u>, to name a few.

UPI TRANSACTIONS SURGE 46% YOY IN 2024



UPI hits record with ₹18.30 billion in transactions in March 2025

DigiLocker – Enabling Paperless Governance



DigiLocker allows individuals to store and share their documents and certificates electronically and securely. It reduces the need for physical documents and streamlines administrative processes.

Data Empowerment and Protection Architecture (DEPA)

DEPA represents India's attempt at creating **'a secure consent-based data sharing framework'** to accelerate the financial inclusion of its citizens.

The Account Aggregator

 $\overline{\mathbf{O}}$ **Financial Information Providers Financial Information Users** 1. Consent to share data Ш **Flow-Based Credit** Bank 1 **Mutual Fund Personal Finance ∦** Шş Account House Management Aggregator 2. Request Data Wealth Insurance T through Open APIs (🖸 Provider Management Tax / GST GST £ **Robo Advisors** Platform 3. Data Flows to FIUs End-to-End Encrypted

will facilitate consented sharing of financial information in real-time

In a nutshell, DEPA empowers people to seamlessly and securely access their data and share it with third-party institutions.

An "India Way" for the World on Data

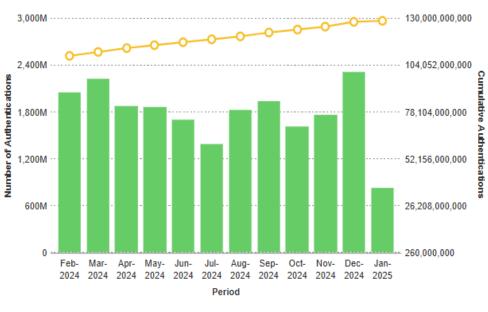


DEPA is a transformative platform that shows a **new India model** of data protection, sharing, consent, and privacy quite distinct from other models around the world.

The India model of data governance is one that is **inclusive, sensitive to the needs of the poor, technologically innovative and robust**, and continues to drive and stimulate economic and business value.

DPI making the Government more Efficient

Authentication Trends



Month Values 📀 Cumulative Values

4.3x Growth in Tax Collection



3.9x GDP Growth (FY10 to FY24)

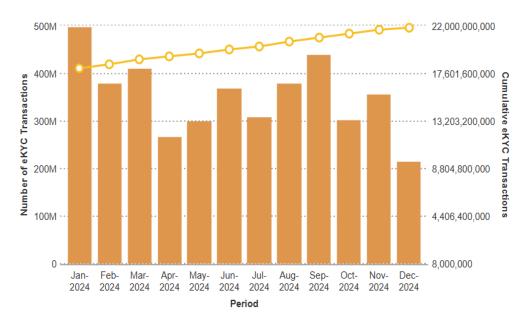
130 Billion Cumulative Authentications

2.5 Billion Monthly Authentications

\$350 Billion Direct Benefit Transfer **1.2** Billion

Beneficiary Transactions

eKYC Trends



📊 Month Values 🛛 🔶 Cumulative Values

Why Data Matters for India's IP Ecosystem

<u>Context</u>

- India's push to become a global innovation and knowledge economy.
- Increasing volume and complexity of IP filings across sectors.
- Need for evidence-based policymaking and responsive service delivery.



Key Drivers

- Government policies fostering digital inclusion and innovation.
- Rising stakeholder expectations for faster, transparent IP processes.
- Robust digital infrastructure supporting seamless growth.

Focus

- India Stack: The backbone of digital growth and inclusive economy.
- Enabling efficient, secure services like identity, payments and data exchange.
 - Unlocking possibilities for seamless IP service delivery and public access

India's growing Research Output

- India's research publication has increased significantly during the last 10-15 years. The growth rate during 2010-2020 was 9.4% (against the world average of 4.3%).
- India's global publications share increased from 3.1% in 2010 to 5.1% in 2020.
- Patent applications from Indian residents has increased from 25.5% (in 2013-14) to 56% (in 2023-24).
- India's Patent-to-GDP ratio rose from 144 (in 2013) to 381 (in 2023).

3rd Largest producer of academic research papers globally

1.3 Million Papers published between 2017 and 2022 Patents Granted grew 17X indicating India's growing emphasis on innovation and intellectual property.



Building Institutional Capacity for a Data-driven IP Ecosystem



Centralized & Standardized Data Architecture

Real-Time Insights & Predictive Analytics

Integrated Data Systems across Verticals

Open & Usable Public IP Datasets

Policy Development through Data Forecasting

Institutional Enablers

Skilling & Data Literacy across IP Offices

Modern Infrastructure for Storage & Analysis

Cross-Agency Collaboration & Standards

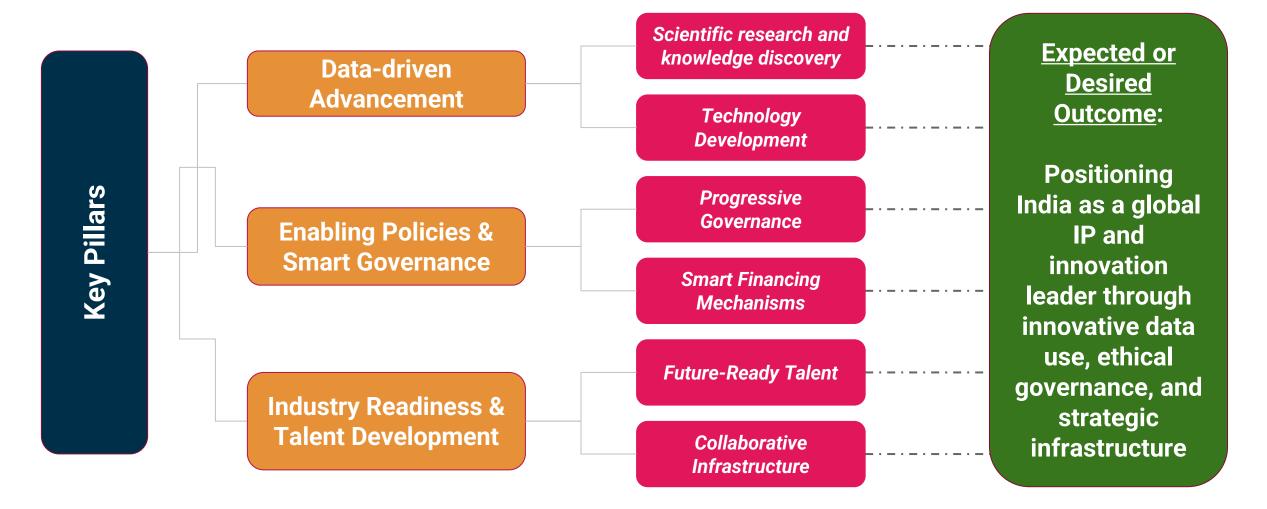
Institutionalized M&E for Data-driven Reform

Innovation Labs for Agile Experimentation

A strong data foundation, backed by institutional readiness, can transform a nation's IP system into a knowledgeable and future-ready ecosystem.

Towards Viksit Bharat: Data-led Transformation of the IP Ecosystem

Viksit Bharat @ 2047 encapsulates the Hon'ble Prime Minister's Vision for India's transformation into a developed nation by 2047. Strengthening the IP ecosystem through data, governance, and digital infrastructure will be key to driving scientific growth, technological leadership, and inclusive development.

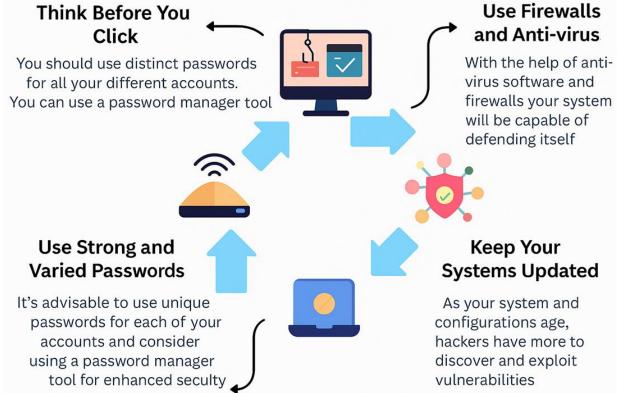


Governance for Transparency and Trust: India's Approach

The **<u>Digital Personal Data Protection Act</u>**, 2023 upholds individuals' rights to safeguard their personal data, incorporating established principles for data protection.

Key principles include obtaining consent, limiting data use to specified purposes, minimizing collection, ensuring accuracy, restricting storage duration, implementing strong security, and enforcing accountability through penalties.

- Additionally, the Act imposes stringent protections on personal data transfers, as exemplified by the Reserve Bank of India's directive under Section 10(2) and Section 18 of the Payment and Settlement Systems Act, 2007, mandating the storage of payment system data within India.
- These provisions underscore the Act's commitment to robust data protection standards and restrictions on personal data transfers, which remain in effect under its framework.



India's IP Initiatives: Building a Future-Ready Ecosystem (1)

□ <u>Scheme for Startups Intellectual Property</u> <u>Protection (SIPP)</u>

Launched in 2016, the SIPP scheme promotes innovation among startups by providing them access to high-quality IP services. The **government bears the cost of professional fees for IP filings, enabling startups to protect and commercialize emerging technologies**. Extended in phases due to its success, SIPP is being implemented through the Office of the Controller General of Patents, Designs, and Trademarks.

□ National Intellectual Property Rights (IPR) Policy



Introduced in 2016, the policy aims to create a vibrant IP ecosystem under the vision of "Creative India; Innovative India." It establishes an institutional framework for IP promotion, protection, and enforcement, aligned with global standards such as the WTO-TRIPS Agreement. The policy emphasizes awareness, legal reforms, commercialization, and human capital development.

India's IP Initiatives: Building a Future-Ready Ecosystem (2)

<u>National Intellectual Property Awareness Mission (NIPAM)</u>

Launched in December 2021, NIPAM aims to **sensitize over 1 million students across schools and universities on IP rights**. By fostering a culture of innovation from an early age, the mission enhances awareness of creativity, protection mechanisms, and the value of original work.

□ <u>Simplified IP Filing Processes</u>

India's IP filing ecosystem has undergone a digital transformation, reduced application timelines, and simplified procedures. The IP India e-filing system offers an intuitive interface for submitting patent, trademark. and copyright applications, making the process faster. cheaper, and more transparent.

2019-20 2020-21 2021-22 2022-23 2023-24 2020-21 2021-22 2022-23 2023-24 2019-20 58,503 66,440 82,811 92,168 56,267 Patent 22,699 30,389 Designs 14,290 14,241 22,698 Trade Marks 431,213 447,805 466,580 476,089 334,805 Geographical Indications 42 58 116 211 134 Copyrights 21,905 24,451 30,988 29,466 36,726 Semiconductor Integrated Circuits Layout Designs 5 1 0 23 2 (SCILD) 427,309 528.471 568,049 601,789 635,508 Total

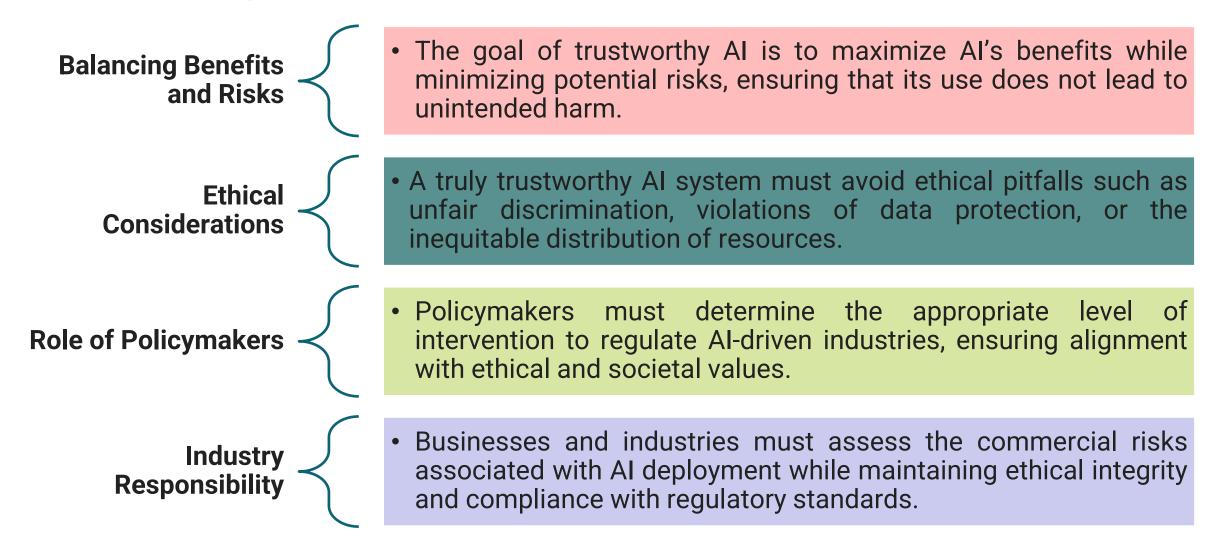
Trends in Last Five Years with Respect to Filing of IP Applications:

Evolving Trends in IP Ecosystems: Strategic & Inclusive Futures

- Digital IP Infrastructure: Adoption of secure, user-friendly online platforms is streamlining IP filings and access.
- Agile Institutions & Skilled Talent: Modernized IP offices and trained professionals are key to managing rising demand.
- Embedded in Innovation Ecosystems: Stronger IP linkages with incubators, academia, and R&D ensure value creation.
- Global Alignment: Interoperability with global frameworks (like TRIPS/WIPO) enhances consistency.
- Access for All: Simplified systems are making IP more inclusive and affordable for diverse innovators.
- Development Enabler: IP is driving broader goals economic growth, sustainability, and digital progress.

Integrating Responsible & Trustworthy AI

Responsible & Trustworthy AI refers to the development and deployment of artificial intelligence systems that are reliable, transparent, ethical, and accountable.



Responsible AI in IP Systems

Key requirements that AI systems should meet to be considered responsible & trustworthy:

- Human Oversight: AI should support not replace human judgment, especially in sensitive or high-stakes IP decisions.
- 2. <u>Technical Robustness & Safety:</u> Systems must be reliable, secure, and equipped with fail-safes to prevent unintended harm.
- **3.** <u>Privacy & Data Governance</u>: Strong safeguards for personal data, with clear policies on data quality, integrity, and access.
- **4.** <u>Transparency & Fairness:</u> AI decisions should be explainable, fair, and free from systemic biases.
- **5.** <u>Sustainability & Accountability:</u> AI must promote societal good, with clear responsibility mechanisms for oversight and redress.

AI in Data Privacy and Protection

AI- Detrimental to Data Privacy and Protection

Automated Profiling and Decision Making

Lack of Transparency and Accountability

Excessive Data Collection and Storage for Training Data

Bias in Training Data leading to Discrimination and Profiling

Inference and Correlation

Al- Enhancing Data Privacy and Protection

Data Masking and Anonymization

Privacy Compliance Checking

Automated Data Subject Request

Sensitive Data Identification, **Classification and Access Control**



Anomaly Detection and Data Minimization

The Way Forward

Privacy by Design: Embed privacy into the architecture of IP data systems – ensure minimal data collection, informed consent, and transparency to build public trust.

Data Security and Transparency: Adopt secure, interoperable, and open-source frameworks with federated data models to strengthen transparency, auditability, and user protection.



Cybersecurity as a Priority: Recognize IP and data platforms as critical digital infrastructure – prioritize robust cybersecurity protocols to safeguard national interests and innovation ecosystems.

Thank You

Thank you for your attention!

Contact us at <WILD Meeting> ict-leadership@wipo.int



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Q & A

