

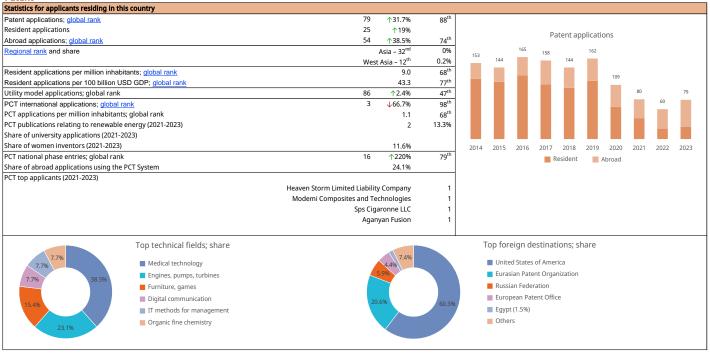
## Armenia

Rankings are delineated on a scale of 0 to 100, designating first place as 100, last place as 0, and 50 indicating the midpoint.

## 

30.5% 14.7% 6.3% 5.9% 5.2%

# ► WIPO IP Statistics Data Center



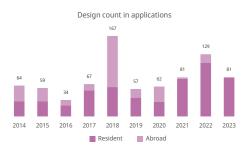
Statistics for the IP office					
Total applications; global rank	22	↓35.3%	115 <sup>th</sup>	Country of origin of non-resident applications; share	
Resident; share	11	<b>↓</b> 45%	50%	United States of America	1,124
Non-resident; share	11	<b>↓</b> 21.4%	50%	Russian Federation	540
Patent Grants	5	↑66.7%		Germany	234
Patents in force; global rank	16		117 <sup>th</sup>	China	216
National IP office - applications per examiner		4.4		Switzerland	193
National IP office - grant delay in months		6.1			
Filings via regional office - resident	Eurasian Patent Or	ganization	14		
Filings via regional office - non-resident	Eurasian Patent Or	ganization	3,675		

## Trademark

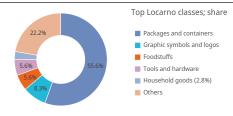
Trademark filings; global rank		6,766	<b>↓</b> 7.3%	81 <sup>st</sup>										
Resident filings		5,262 ↓7.6% Trademark class count in a				annlica	tions							
Abroad filings; global rank		1,504	<b>↓</b> 6.4%	71 <sup>st</sup>			Haut	emark	Class CC	Julit III	аррпса	LIOHS		
Regional rank and share			Asia – 29 <sup>th</sup>	0.1%									7,298	6.76
		We	st Asia – 9 <sup>th</sup>	1.2%										
Resident filings per million inhabit			1,894	33 <sup>rd</sup>						4,733		5,067		
Resident filings per 100 billion US	D GDP; global rank		9,115	12 <sup>th</sup>				3,972	3,905	4,755	4,505			
Madrid international applications;		47	↑30.6%	63 <sup>rd</sup>	2,973	3,069	2,999							
Madrid applications per million in	<del>-</del>		16.9	37 <sup>th</sup>										
Abroad filings via the Madrid Syste		871	↑22.2%	58 <sup>th</sup>										
Share of abroad filings using the N	<del>*</del>		57.6%											
Madrid top applicants (2021-2023)					2011	2045	2016	0047	2010	2040	0000	2024	0000	000
		,	nenia Jv Ltd	14	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	202
		Yerevan Brandy Con International Masis		6 5				R	Resident		Abroad			
		( Lex Tobacco Con		3										
		Ararat Wine I		4										
	T AP 1	Ararat Wille	ractory LLC	4		6	.:		:1	l				
	Top Nice classes; share				11	op fore	eign de	Sundu	10115; 51	nare				
13.6%				15.4%										
0.8%	Advertising and business management					Iran (			OT)					
9.8%	Alcoholic beverages			14.6%		Russi								
57.1%	Education	53.	.5%	_		Unite	d States	of Amer	rica					
57.1%	Coffee, tea and food			7%		Kazak	chstan							
6.3%	Services for providing food and drink			5.1%		Europ	ean Uni	ion Intel	lectual P	roperty	Office			
	Others		4	5.1%		Other	rs							

Statistics for the IP office [1]						
Total filings; global rank	12,991	↓2.6%	65 <sup>th</sup>	Country of origin of non-resident filings; share		
Resident; share	5,262	<b>↓</b> 7.6%	40.5%	Russian Federation	2,284	29.6%
Non-resident; share	7,729	↑1.1%	59.5%	China	663	8.6%
Number of Classes Specified in Trademark Registrations	11,247	↓2.3%		United States of America	580	7.5%
Trademarks in force; global rank	25,932		95 <sup>th</sup>	Switzerland	501	6.5%
National IP office - applications per examiner		1,623.9		Germany	492	6.4%
National IP office - registration delay in days		100.0				

Industrial design								
Statistics for applicants residing in this country [2]								
Designs in applications; global rank	81	<b>↓</b> 37.2%	92 <sup>nd</sup>					
Resident filings	81	<b>↓</b> 27%					Design	count
Abroad filings; global rank	0	<b>↓</b> 100%	135 <sup>th</sup>				Design	
Regional rank and share		Asia – 28 <sup>th</sup>	0%					167
	We	st Asia – 10 <sup>th</sup>	0.1%					
Resident filings per million inhabitants; global rank		29.2	54 <sup>th</sup>					
Resident filings per 100 billion USD GDP; global rank		140	53 <sup>rd</sup>					
Hague international filings; global rank				64	59		67	
Abroad filings via the Hague System					59			
Share of abroad filings using the Hague System						34		
Hague top applicants (2021-2023)								
				2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
							■ R	tesiden



Top foreign destinations; share



Statistics for the IP office [2]						
Total filings; global rank	381	↓0.5%	71 <sup>st</sup>	Country of origin of non-resident filings; share		
Resident; share	80	<b>↓</b> 27.9%	21%	Russian Federation	551	47.5%
Non-resident; share	301	10.7%	79%	Switzerland	167	14.4%
Number of Designs in Industrial Design Registrations	366	↑37.6%		United States of America	88	7.6%
Industrial designs in force; global rank	259		81 <sup>st</sup>	China	72	6.2%
National IP office - applications per examiner		381.0		Belarus	69	5.9%
National IP office - registration delay in days		168.0				
Filings via regional office - resident	Eurasian Patent O	rganization	1			
Filings via regional office - non-resident	Eurasian Patent O	rganization	859			

### **Geographical indications**

Geographical indications in force by product category			Geographical indications in force by legal means		
Agricultural products and foodstuffs	1,343	42.2%	Agreements	3,178	99.7%
Wines and spirits	1,843	57.8%	Sui generis	8	0.3%

### Plant variety

Tidite variety	
Plant variety applications filed by applicants residing in this country	Plant variety in force
Resident	National
Abroad	
Regional	

- (1) For trademarks, filings refer to the number of classes specified in applications.
- $\ensuremath{\text{(2)}}\xspace For industrial designs, fillings \ensuremath{\textit{refer}}\xspace to number of designs contained in applications.$
- (3) Statistics are produced regardless of whether the home office of the applicants supplied statistics or not. An asterisk symbol indicates that the home IP office did not supply statistics.
- (4) Statistics relating to "technical fields" are extracted from the Patstat database and are based on the publication date.
- (5) The indicator "resident applications per million population" is available for countries with a polulation greater than one million. The "indicator per GDP" is available for countries whose total GDP exceeds 10 billion US Dollar.
- $(6) \ Percentage \ with a \ plus \ or \ minus \ symbol \ indicates \ the \ percentage \ change \ from \ the \ previous \ year.$
- (7) Both national and regional data are used to establish the list of countries relating to non-resident filings.

Source: WIPO statistics database; last updated: 4/2025