Congo



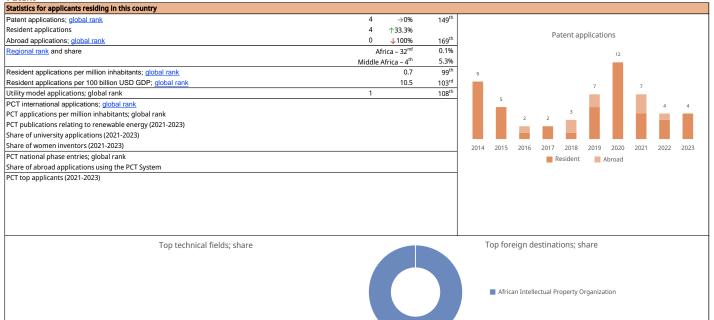
#### WIPO IP Statistics Data Contor

# Rankings are delineated on a scale of 0 to 100, designating first place as 100, last place as 0, and 50 indicating the midpoint.

## a scale of 0 to 100, 0, last place as 0, int. Patent 30 — Total — Abroad

Trademark





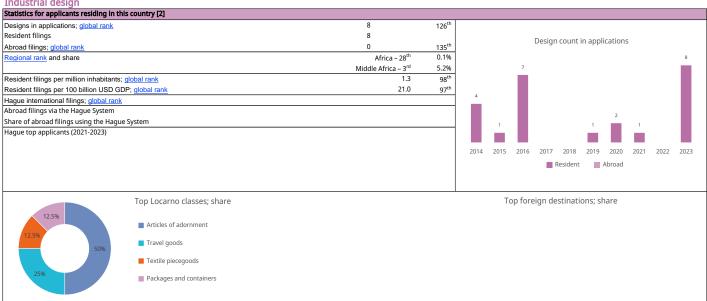
Statistics for the IP office					
Total applications; global rank			Country of origin of non-resident applications; share		
Resident; share			United States of America	67	13.1%
Non-resident; share			Cameroon	43	8.4%
Patent Grants			France	37	7.2%
Patents in force; global rank			India	26	5.1%
National IP office - applications per examiner			Benin	25	4.9%
National IP office - grant delay in months					
Filings via regional office - resident	African Intellectual Property Organization	4			
Filings via regional office - non-resident	African Intellectual Property Organization	512			

### Trademark

Trademark													
Statistics for applicants residing in this country [1]													
Trademark filings; global rank	90	↑210.3%	164 <sup>th</sup>										
Resident filings	42	↑75%				Trade	emark (	rlass co	unt in a	applicat	ions		
Abroad filings; global rank	48	↑860%	147 <sup>th</sup>			muu	erriaric (		raire iii e	арриси	.10115		
Regional rank and share		Africa – 37 <sup>th</sup>	0.1%					92					90
	Middle	Africa – 4 <sup>th</sup>	1.9%										
Resident filings per million inhabitants; global rank		6.9	126 <sup>th</sup>		64					66			
Resident filings per 100 billion USD GDP; global rank		110	124 <sup>th</sup>	50		49	52		56		51		
Madrid international applications; global rank	2		95 <sup>th</sup>										
Madrid applications per million inhabitants; global rank		0.3	79 <sup>th</sup>									29	
Abroad filings via the Madrid System	16		98 <sup>th</sup>										
Share of abroad filings using the Madrid System		33.3%											
Madrid top applicants (2021-2023)													
Agence de Regulation des Postes et des	Communications Electronic	ques (arpce)	1	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
							R	esident	P A	Abroad			
Top Nice classes; share				To	op fore	ign de	stinati	ons; sh	nare				
		6.3%											
28.2% Pharmaceuticals		0.3%		1	India								
■ Legal services	12	2.5%	41.7%		Algeri	a							
48.2% Non-metal materials					Europ	ean Uni	on Intell	ectual P	roperty (	Office			
Paper and photographsprinters' type, printing block	:ks.				Angol	a							
6.9% Beers and beverages	1	16.7%			France								
5.9%5.9% Others		16.7%			Other								
Others		10.7%			- Other	3							

		Country of origin of non-resident filings; share		
		China	1,657	13.2%
		France	1,089	8.6%
		Côte d'Ivoire	1,010	8%
		United States of America	999	7.9%
		Cameroon	740	5.9%
African Intellectual Property Organization	42			
African Intellectual Property Organization	12,593			
	, , ,	. , ,	France Côte d'Ivoire United States of America Cameroon African Intellectual Property Organization 42	France 1,089   Côte d'Ivoire 1,010   United States of America 999   Cameroon 740

## Industrial design



Statistics for the IP office [2]					
			Country of origin of non-resident filings; share		
Total filings; global rank Resident; share			Côte d'Ivoire	165	18.2%
Non-resident; share			France	80	8.8%
Number of Designs in Industrial Design Registrations			Guinea	80	8.8%
Industrial designs in force; global rank			Germany	64	7%
National IP office - applications per examiner			Cameroon	63	6.9%
National IP office - registration delay in days					
Filings via regional office - resident	African Intellectual Property Organization	8			
Filings via regional office - non-resident	African Intellectual Property Organization	909			

#### Geographical indications

- Cographical marcacons	
Geographical indications in force by product category	Geographical indications in force by legal means

### Plant variety

Plant variety applications filed by applicants residing in this country	Plant variety in force				
Resident	National 0				
Abroad	African Intellectual Property Organization 19				
Regional					

- (2) For industrial designs, filings refer to number of designs contained in applications.
- (3) Statistics are produced regardless of whether the home office of the applicants supplied statistics or not. An asterisk symbol indicates that the home IP office did not supply statistics.
- (4) Statistics relating to "technical fields" are extracted from the Patstat database and are based on the publication date.
- (5) The indicator "resident applications per million population" is available for countries with a polulation greater than one million. The "indicator per GDP" is available for countries whose total GDP exceeds 10 billion US Dollar.
- (6) Percentage with a plus or minus symbol indicates the percentage change from the previous year
- $(7) Both\ national\ and\ regional\ data\ are\ used\ to\ establish\ the\ list\ of\ countries\ relating\ to\ non-resident\ fillings.$

Source: WIPO statistics database; last updated: 4/2025